

UPUTSTVO ZA OCJENJIVANJE
MATURSKI/STRUČNI ISPIT – MATEMATIKA (OSNOVNI NIVO)

II JUNSKI ROK 2022. GODINA

Rješenja zadataka višestrukog izbora

Redni broj zadatka	Tačan odgovor
1.	A
2.	C
3.	B
4.	A
5.	C
6.	A
7.	D
8.	C

9.

a) $(3 - 4 \cdot (-1)^{-1})^{-1} = (3 + 4)^{-1} = \frac{1}{7}$ 1 bod

b) $2^{3a} \cdot 3^{2a} = 8^a \cdot 9^a = 72^a$ 1 bod

c) Cifre 2,5,8 ili 6285, 6585, 6885 1 bod

10.

$$\frac{a^2 - b^2}{ab} : \frac{a+b}{ab} \dots\dots\dots 1 \text{ bod}$$

$$= \frac{(a-b)(a+b)}{ab} \cdot \frac{ab}{a+b} = a-b \dots\dots\dots 1 \text{ bod}$$

11.

Prvobitni broj djevojaka je: $P = \frac{60 \cdot 65}{100} = 39$ 1 bod

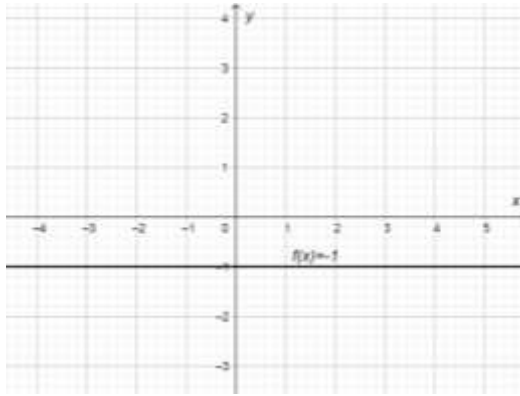
$(60 + 9 + 11) : (39 + 9) = 100 : p$ 1 bod

$p = \frac{100 \cdot 48}{80} = 60$, u ansamblu je sada 60% djevojaka 1 bod

12.

Da bi funkcija f bila konstantna treba da važi $2k + \frac{3}{2} = 0$. Dobijamo $k = -\frac{3}{4}$ 1 bod

Tražena funkcija je $f(x) = -1$ i njen grafik je:



..... 1 bod

13.



Dijeljenjem figure na dva dijela i primjenom formula za računanje površine pravougaonika, dobija se

$$x^2 + x(x+3) = 44 \text{ 1 bod}$$

$$2x^2 + 3x - 44 = 0 \text{ 1 bod}$$

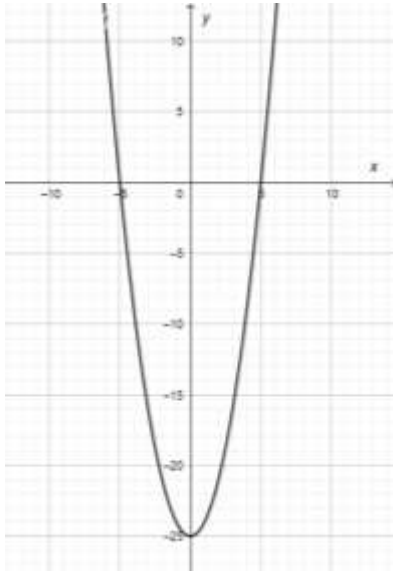
$$x_1 = 4 \quad x_2 = -\frac{11}{2} \text{ 1 bod}$$

Drugo rješenje ne može biti dužina stranice pa se odbacuje. Dakle, $x = 4m$ 1 bod

14.

$$x^2 - 25 < 0 \Rightarrow (x-5)(x+5) < 0$$

ili



..... 1 bod

$x \in (-5, 5)$ 1 bod

15.

$$5^{\log_5 3} = 3 \quad \text{ili} \quad \log_{13} 1 = 0 \quad \dots\dots\dots 1 \text{ bod}$$

$$\log_{\frac{1}{5}} \sqrt[4]{125} = -\frac{3}{4} \quad \dots\dots\dots 1 \text{ bod}$$

$$\text{Krajnji rezultat } 5^{\log_5 3} + \log_{13} 1 + \log_{\frac{1}{5}} \sqrt[4]{125} = \frac{9}{4} \quad \dots\dots\dots 1 \text{ bod}$$

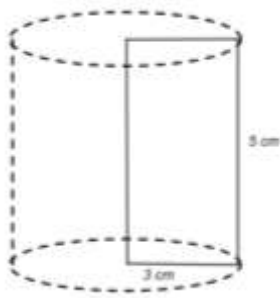
16.

$$4^x \cdot 5^x \cdot 5 = 5 \cdot 20^{2-x} \quad \dots\dots\dots 1 \text{ bod}$$

$$20^x = 20^{2-x} \quad \dots\dots\dots 1 \text{ bod}$$

$$x = 2 - x \Rightarrow x = 1 \quad \dots\dots\dots 1 \text{ bod}$$

17.



$$\begin{cases} 2a + 2b = 16 \\ ab = 15 \end{cases} \dots\dots\dots 1 \text{ bod}$$

$$a(8-a) = 15 \Rightarrow -a^2 + 8a - 15 = 0 \Rightarrow \text{dimenzije pravougaonika su } 3 \text{ cm i } 5 \text{ cm} \dots\dots\dots 1 \text{ bod}$$

$$r = 3 \text{ cm}, H = 5 \text{ cm} \dots\dots\dots 1 \text{ bod}$$

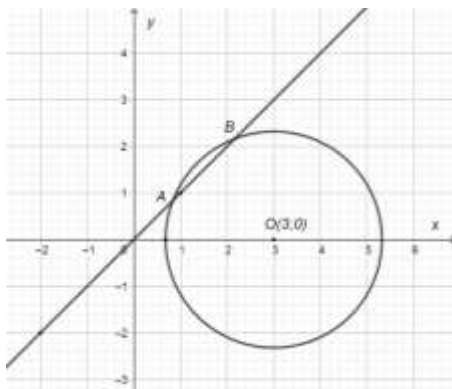
$$P = 2B + M = 2r^2\pi + 2r\pi H = 48\pi \text{ cm}^2 \dots\dots\dots 1 \text{ bod}$$

18.

$$\frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{2-1}{-2-2} \Rightarrow k = -\frac{1}{4} \dots\dots\dots 1 \text{ bod}$$

$$\text{Simetrala s ima koeficijent } k_s = -\frac{1}{-\frac{1}{4}} = 4 \dots\dots\dots 1 \text{ bod}$$

19.



$$\begin{cases} y = x \\ x^2 + y^2 - 6x + 4 = 0 \end{cases} \dots\dots\dots 1 \text{ bod}$$

$$x^2 + x^2 - 6x + 4 = 0 \Rightarrow x^2 - 3x + 2 = 0$$

$$\text{Tačke presjeka: } (1,1), (2,2) \dots\dots\dots 1 \text{ bod}$$

$$\text{Dužina tetive: } AB = \sqrt{(2-1)^2 + (2-1)^2} = \sqrt{2} \dots\dots\dots 1 \text{ bod}$$

20.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{8}x^2, & 0 \leq x < 20 \\ 50, & 20 \leq x < 40 \\ \frac{3}{2}x - 10, & 40 \leq x \leq 50 \end{cases} \dots\dots\dots 1 \text{ bod}$$

$$f'(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{4}x, & 0 \leq x < 20 \\ 0, & 20 < x < 40 \\ \frac{3}{2}, & 40 < x < 50 \end{cases} \dots\dots\dots 1 \text{ bod}$$

$$f'(8) = \frac{1}{4} \cdot 8 = 2 \frac{m}{s},$$

$$f'(30) = 0 \frac{m}{s}, \dots\dots\dots 1 \text{ bod}$$

$$f'(45) = \frac{3}{2} \frac{m}{s}$$